HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund

Financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2022

Report of the Director of Audit



Independent Auditor's Report To the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporated

Opinion

I certify that I have audited the financial statements of the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund set out on pages 4 to 21, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 August 2022, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund as at 31 August 2022, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in accordance with section 8(3) of the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporation Ordinance (Cap. 1098).

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with section 8(5) of the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporation Ordinance and the Audit Commission auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities* for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund in accordance with those standards, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those standards. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporated for the financial statements

The Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporated is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and section 8(3) of the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporation Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporated determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporated is responsible for assessing the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose

of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund's internal control;

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporated;
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporated's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund to cease to continue as a going concern; and
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporated regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Ms Hildy Chan Assistant Director of Audit for Director of Audit

23 February 2023

Audit Commission 6th Floor, High Block Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway Hong Kong

HKSAR GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIP FUND STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars)

INCOME	Note	2022	2021
Interest income Dividend income Not realized and reveluation (leases) / gains	3 4	47,214 39,656	37,647 39,057
Net realised and revaluation (losses) / gains Net exchange (losses) / gains Other income		$ \begin{array}{c} (347,423) \\ (66,527) \\ \phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	320,166 619 —
EXPENDITURE		(327,079)	397,489
Scholarship grants Operating expenses	5 6	(112,606) (7,771) (120,377)	(96,341) (9,382) (105,723)
(DEFICIT) / SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		(447,456)	291,766
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) / INCOME FOR THE YEAR		(447,456)	291,766

The accompanying notes 1 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

HKSAR GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIP FUND STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 AUGUST 2022

(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars)

	Note	2022	2021
ASSETS			
Cash at bank		54	54
Deposits with banks and other financial institutions	-		40,600
having a maturity of three months or less when placed	7	77,629	49,690
Deposits with banks and other financial institutions having a maturity of more than three months when placed	7	310,351	452,187
Securities	8	2,103,427	2,471,897
Derivative financial instruments	9	4,107	1,930
Receivables and other assets	10	50,292	57,503
Placement with the Exchange Fund	11	689,290	658,396
		3,235,150	3,691,657
LIABILITIES			
Derivative financial instruments	9	(1,072)	(919)
Payables and other liabilities	12	(10,892)	(20,096)
		(11,964)	(21,015)
NET ASSETS		3,223,186	3,670,642
Representing:			
FUND BALANCE			
Accumulated surplus		3,223,186	3,670,642

The accompanying notes 1 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporated Trustee of the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund

(Ms Michelle Li)
Permanent Secretary for Education
23 February 2023

HKSAR GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIP FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars)

ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of year	3,670,642	3,378,876
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year	(447,456)	291,766
Balance at end of year	3,223,186	3,670,642

The accompanying notes 1 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

HKSAR GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIP FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2022	2021
(Deficit) / Surplus for the year	(447,456)	291,766
Adjustments for:	(117,100)	_, _,,
Interest income	(47,214)	(37,647)
Dividend income	(39,656)	(39,057)
Decrease / (Increase) in deposits with banks and other financial institut	` ' '	(=>,==)
having a maturity of more than three months when placed	141,836	(314,366)
Decrease / (Increase) in investments in securities	368,470	(108,048)
Increase in placement with the Exchange Fund	(30,894)	(23,492)
Change in derivative financial instruments	(2,024)	(1,746)
Decrease / (Increase) in receivables and other assets	8,039	(16,864)
(Decrease) / Increase in payables and other liabilities	(9,204)	14,533
Elimination of foreign exchange differences	, , ,	•
in revaluation of cash and cash equivalents	913	(129)
Interest received	46,756	33,301
Dividends received	39,286	38,805
NET CASH FROM / (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	28,852	(162,944)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	49,744	212,559
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES	(913)	129
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
AT END OF YEAR	77,683	49,744
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Deposits with banks and other financial institutions		
having a maturity of three months or less when placed	77,629	49,690
Cash at bank	54	54
	77,683	49,744

The accompanying notes 1 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

HKSAR GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIP FUND

Notes to the financial statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated.)

1. General

The HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund (the Fund) was established by a declaration of trust made on 3 March 2008 by the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporated (the Trustee). The Fund provides scholarships to students studying in full-time sub-degree and degree or above programmes funded by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in recognition of their achievements and talents, to attract and retain such students to pursue their studies in Hong Kong.

2. Significant accounting policies

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with section 8(3) of the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporation Ordinance (Cap. 1098), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong, and Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (HKFRSs), which is a collective term that includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Fund is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new or revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Fund. Note 2(c) provides information on the changes, if any, in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Fund for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is historical cost except that equity and debt securities managed by the Fund's external investment managers (note 13(a)) and derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out in note 2(d).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenditure. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgements about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no critical accounting judgements involved in the application of the Fund's accounting policies. There are also no key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next year.

(c) Changes in accounting policies

The HKICPA has issued certain new or revised HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Fund. There have been no changes to the accounting policies applied in these financial statements for the years presented as a result of these developments.

The Fund has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period (note 15).

(d) Financial assets and financial liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial instruments are recognised on trade date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the instruments.

At initial recognition, financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not measured at fair value through surplus or deficit (equivalent to "fair value through profit or loss" under HKFRS 9), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets or the issue of the financial liabilities. Transaction costs of financial instruments measured at fair value through surplus or deficit are expensed immediately.

(ii) Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments measured at fair value through surplus or deficit

These comprise equity and debt securities managed by the Fund's external investment managers (note 13(a)), and derivative financial instruments. They are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

Derivative financial instruments used by the Fund to manage its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations do not qualify for hedge accounting. They are presented as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

These comprise cash at bank, deposits with banks and other financial institutions, receivables and other assets, and placement with the Exchange Fund. They are held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The measurement of loss allowances for these financial assets is based on the expected credit loss model as described in note 2(d)(vi).

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating and recognising the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of the financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows by considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses. The calculation includes all fees received or paid between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

These comprise payables and other liabilities. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The Fund reclassifies a financial asset when and only when it changes its business model for managing the assets. A financial liability is not reclassified.

(iii) Fair value measurement principles

The Fund measures equity and debt securities managed by the Fund's external investment managers (note 13(a)) and derivative financial instruments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either (a) in the principal market for the asset or liability, or (b) in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability; and the Fund has access to these markets at the measurement date.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured with those assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their best economic interest.

The Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. The Fund measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1 fair values are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair values are determined with inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair values of financial instruments are determined with inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Fund determines whether transfers between levels in the hierarchy should be reflected in the financial statements by re-assessing categorisation (based on the level of input that is most significant and relevant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the reporting date.

(iv) Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or where the financial asset together with substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or when it expires.

(v) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(vi) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the Fund measures the expected credit losses to determine the loss allowance required to be recognised. Financial assets measured at fair value through surplus or deficit are not subject to the expected credit loss assessment.

Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. They are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Fund expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate. They are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month expected credit losses (for financial instruments for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition): these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime expected credit losses (for financial instruments for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition): these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial instruments.

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Fund considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Fund in full; or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Fund considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

(e) Revenue recognition

(i) Interest income

Interest income is recognised in surplus or deficit on an accrual basis, using the effective interest method.

(ii) Dividend income

Dividend income from equity securities is recognised in surplus or deficit when the share price is quoted ex-dividend.

(iii) Net realised and revaluation gains/losses

Realised gains or losses on financial instruments are recognised in surplus or deficit when the financial instruments are derecognised. Changes in fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value through surplus or deficit are recognised as revaluation gains or losses in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

(iv) Other income

Other income is recognised in surplus or deficit on an accrual basis.

(f) Scholarship grants recognition

Scholarship grants are recognised as expenditure when they are approved.

(g) Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the spot exchange rates at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the closing exchange rates at the reporting date. All foreign currency translation differences are recognised as net realised and revaluation gains or losses in surplus or deficit.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and deposits with banks and other financial institutions having a maturity of three months or less when placed.

Interest income 3. 2022 2021 Interest income from: 36,042 — placement with the Exchange Fund 28,432 — debt securities measured at fair value through surplus or deficit denominated in: Hong Kong dollar 766 668 other currencies 6,233 7,150 6,999 7,818 deposits denominated in: Hong Kong dollar 2,013 843 other currencies 554 2,160 4,173 1,397 47,214 37,647 4. **Dividend income** 2022 2021 Dividend income from equity securities listed: 13,811 — in Hong Kong 14,446 — outside Hong Kong 25,845 24,611 39,057 39,656

5. Scholarship grants

3.	Scholarship grants	2022	2021
	Scholarship grants to institutions	112,606	96,341
6.	Operating expenses		
		2022	2021
	Fees for investment managers	5,024	6,271
	Fees for custodian	2,688	2,779
	Investment transaction costs	58	331
	Others	1	1
		7,771	9,382
7.	Deposits with banks and other financial institutions	2022	2021
	Fixed deposits denominated in:		
	Hong Kong dollar	291,835	389,054
	— other currencies	75,633	78,133
	Call deposits and balances with the custodian denominated in:		
	— Hong Kong dollar	5,195	4,105
	— other currencies	15,317	30,585
		387,980	501,877
	Less: Deposits with banks and other financial institutions having a maturity of more than three months when placed	(310,351)	(452,187)
	Deposits with banks and other financial institutions		
	having a maturity of three months or less when placed	77,629	49,690

8. Securities

	2022	2021
Financial assets measured at fair value through surplus or deficit		
Equity securities listed:		
— in Hong Kong	531,173	701,082
outside Hong Kong	1,086,062	1,210,185
Debt securities denominated in:		
 Hong Kong dollar 	56,225	38,807
other currencies	429,967	521,823
	2,103,427	2,471,897

9. Derivative financial instruments

	202	22	20	21
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Forward currency contracts,				
at fair value	4,107	1,072	1,930	919

All these forward currency contracts would mature within one year and had a total notional amount of HK\$645.7 million as at 31 August 2022 (2021: HK\$1,144.2 million). The notional amounts of these contracts indicate the volume of outstanding transactions and do not represent the amounts at risk.

10. Receivables and other assets

Proceeds receivable from investments sold 4,131 3,285 Accrued interest from placement with the Exchange Fund 21,056 20,601 Other interest and dividends receivable 5,756 5,383 Other receivables 19,349 28,234 50,292 57,503		2022	2021
the Exchange Fund 21,056 20,601 Other interest and dividends receivable 5,756 5,383 Other receivables 19,349 28,234		4,131	3,285
Other receivables 19,349 28,234	the Exchange Fund	21,056	20,601
	Other interest and dividends receivable	5,756	5,383
50,292 57,503	Other receivables	19,349	28,234
		50,292	57,503

11. Placement with the Exchange Fund

The balance of the placement with the Exchange Fund amounted to HK\$689.3 million (2021: HK\$658.4 million), being the principal sums of HK\$665.0 million (2021: HK\$580.8 million) plus interest paid but not yet withdrawn at the reporting date of HK\$24.3 million (2021: HK\$77.6 million). The term of the placement is six years from the date of placement, during which the amount of principal sums cannot be withdrawn.

Interest on the placement is payable at a fixed rate determined in January each year. The rate is the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year Government Bond for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever is the higher. The interest rate has been fixed at 5.6% for the calendar year 2022 and at 4.7% for the calendar year 2021.

12. Payables and other liabilities

	2022	2021
Unsettled purchases of investments	6,985	16,781
Other payables and accruals	3,907	3,315
	10,892	20,096

13. Financial risk management

(a) Investment management and control

The Trustee may invest moneys of the Fund in accordance with section 5 of the Permanent Secretary for Education Incorporation Ordinance. She has appointed the Director of Accounting Services to manage the investments of the Fund.

The Steering Committee, established under the declaration of trust, may advise the Trustee on policies and procedures governing the operation and development of the Fund. The Investment Committee, established under the declaration of trust, may advise the Trustee on the formulation of policies for and the monitoring of the investments of the Fund. Members of both the Steering Committee and the Investment Committee are appointed by the Secretary for Education.

The Fund's investment aims to maintain capital and generate recurrent income to support the annual grants of scholarships.

The investment performance of the Fund is monitored through the Investment Committee which meets regularly to review investment reports prepared by the Director of Accounting Services and to interview the Fund's external investment managers. The Investment Committee also formulates guidelines on asset allocation in order to meet the investment objective.

The investment management and control of the Fund are set out in a documented risk management and investment strategy and are reviewed on a regular basis by the Investment Committee.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market variables, such as equity prices, interest rates and currency exchange rates may affect the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument.

(i) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk of loss arising from changes in equity prices. The Fund's investments in equity securities are subject to the equity price risk inherent in all equity securities, i.e. the value of holdings may fall as well as rise. As at 31 August 2022, the equity securities were included in securities as shown in note 8. The risk is primarily addressed through diversification of investment portfolio in accordance with a documented risk management and investment strategy, and the Fund monitors the risk on a continuous basis.

Sensitivity analysis based on a 10% increase/decrease in the market bid prices of the equity securities at the reporting date, with all other variables being held constant, shows that the deficit for the year would have decreased/increased by HK\$161.7 million (2021: the surplus for the year would have increased/decreased by HK\$191.1 million).

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk of loss arising from changes in market interest rates. This can be further classified into fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk.

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Since a substantial portion of the Fund's debt securities and all of its deposits with banks and other financial institutions bear interest at fixed rates, their fair values will fall when market interest rates increase. Investments in debt securities are made in accordance with a documented risk management and investment strategy, and the Fund monitors the fair value interest rate risk on a continuous basis.

Sensitivity analysis based on a 100 basis points increase/decrease in interest rates at the reporting date, with all other variables being held constant, shows that the deficit for the year would have increased/decreased by HK\$34.3 million (2021: the surplus for the year would have decreased/increased by HK\$41.8 million). As regards deposits with banks and other financial institutions, since they are all stated at amortised cost, their carrying amounts will not be affected by changes in market interest rates.

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Fund does not have a significant exposure to cash flow interest rate risk

because only a small portion of its debt securities bear interest at rates determined by reference to market interest rates.

(iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in currency exchange rates. The Fund's investments denominated in currency other than Hong Kong dollar are exposed to currency risk. The Fund only makes investments denominated in Hong Kong dollar, US dollar, Renminbi and currencies of countries whose foreign currency long-term debt has a high credit rating. The Fund's exposure to currency risk is handled in accordance with a documented risk management and investment strategy, and the Fund monitors the risk on a continuous basis.

The net exposure to each currency at the reporting date arising from recognised assets and liabilities after taking into account the effect of forward currency contracts is shown below:

	2022	2021
Hong Kong dollar	1,852,115	2,140,732
US dollar	824,245	872,451
Euro	165,080	207,506
Japanese yen	109,687	131,976
Renminbi	75,837	78,323
Pound sterling	63,123	65,792
Others	133,099	173,862
	3,223,186	3,670,642

At the reporting date, with all other variables being held constant, sensitivity analysis based on:

- a 0.5% increase/decrease in the exchange rate of US dollar against Hong Kong dollar shows that the deficit for the year would have decreased/increased by HK\$4.1 million (2021: the surplus for the year would have increased/decreased by HK\$4.4 million); and
- a 5% increase/decrease in the exchange rates of other currencies against Hong Kong dollar shows that the deficit for the year would have decreased/increased by HK\$27.3 million (2021: the surplus for the year would have increased/decreased by HK\$32.9 million).

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or a counterparty will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. Cash at bank, deposits with banks and other financial institutions, debt securities, derivative financial instruments, receivables and other assets, and placement with the Exchange Fund are potentially subject to credit risk. The Fund selects issuer or counterparty with good credit standing, strong financial strength and sizeable capital. The Fund also limits the individual exposure, in accordance with a documented risk management and investment strategy, and monitors credit risk on a continuous basis.

While the financial assets measured at amortised cost are subject to the impairment requirements, the Fund has estimated that their expected credit losses are immaterial and considers that no loss allowance is required.

The credit quality of cash at bank, deposits with banks and other financial institutions and debt securities at the reporting date, analysed by the ratings designated by Moody's or their equivalents, is shown below:

Cash at bank and deposits with banks and other financial institutions, by credit rating: 195,114 171,104 A1 to A3 192,920 330,827 388,034 501,931 Debt securities, by credit rating: 209,464 185,495 Aa1 to Aa3 117,153 114,770 A1 to A3 132,021 194,017 Baa1 to Baa3 25,936 63,710 B1 to B3 1,618 2,638 486,192 560,630		2022	2021
credit rating: 195,114 171,104 A1 to A3 192,920 330,827 388,034 501,931 Debt securities, by credit rating: 209,464 185,495 Aa1 to Aa3 117,153 114,770 A1 to A3 132,021 194,017 Baa1 to Baa3 25,936 63,710 B1 to B3 1,618 2,638	Cash at bank and deposits with banks		
Aa1 to Aa3 195,114 171,104 A1 to A3 192,920 330,827 388,034 501,931 Debt securities, by credit rating: 209,464 185,495 Aa1 to Aa3 117,153 114,770 A1 to A3 132,021 194,017 Baa1 to Baa3 25,936 63,710 B1 to B3 1,618 2,638	•		
A1 to A3 192,920 330,827 388,034 501,931 Debt securities, by credit rating: Aaa 209,464 A1 to Aa3 A1 to Aa3 A1 to A3 A1 to A3 Baa1 to Baa3 Baa1 to Baa3 Baa1 to Baa3 Baa1 to Baa3 A1,618 2,638	credit rating:		
192,926 350,827 388,034 501,931 Debt securities, by credit rating: Aaa 209,464 185,495 Aa1 to Aa3 117,153 114,770 A1 to A3 132,021 194,017 Baa1 to Baa3 25,936 63,710 B1 to B3 1,618 2,638	Aa1 to Aa3	195,114	171,104
Debt securities, by credit rating: Aaa 209,464 185,495 Aa1 to Aa3 117,153 114,770 A1 to A3 132,021 194,017 Baa1 to Baa3 25,936 63,710 B1 to B3 1,618 2,638	A1 to A3	192,920	330,827
Aaa209,464185,495Aa1 to Aa3117,153114,770A1 to A3132,021194,017Baa1 to Baa325,93663,710B1 to B31,6182,638		388,034	501,931
Aa1 to Aa3	Debt securities, by credit rating:		
A1 to A3	Aaa	209,464	185,495
Baa1 to Baa3 25,936 63,710 B1 to B3 1,618 2,638	Aal to Aa3	117,153	114,770
B1 to B3 2,638	A1 to A3	132,021	194,017
	Baa1 to Baa3	25,936	63,710
486,192 560,630	B1 to B3	1,618	2,638
		486,192	560,630

The maximum exposure to credit risk of the financial assets of the Fund at the reporting date is equal to their carrying amounts.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Fund monitors the liquidity requirements on a continuous basis and maintains a level of short-term deposits and cash to pay scholarships and operating expenses as necessary. Hence the Fund does not have significant exposure to liquidity risk.

As at 31 August 2022, the remaining contractual maturities of all financial liabilities, based on contractual undiscounted cash flows and the earliest date on which the Fund can be required to pay, were three months or less (2021: one year or less).

(e) Other financial risk

The Fund is exposed to financial risk arising from change in the interest rate on the placement with the Exchange Fund which is determined in January each year (note 11). Sensitivity analysis based on a 50 basis points increase/decrease in the interest rates for 2022 and 2021, with all other variables being held constant, shows that the deficit for the year would have decreased/increased by HK\$3.4 million (2021: the surplus for the year would have increased/decreased by HK\$3.3 million).

14. Fair values of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments classified under Level 1 is based on the quoted market prices of these financial instruments at the reporting date, without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

In the absence of such quoted prices, the fair value of financial instruments classified under Level 2 is estimated using present value or other valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable data, using inputs based on market conditions existing at the reporting date.

(a) Financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date according to the fair value hierarchy is shown below:

2022	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Assets			
Financial assets measured at fair			
value through surplus or			
deficit	1,617,235	486,192	2,103,427
Derivative financial instruments	_	4,107	4,107
	1,617,235	490,299	2,107,534
Liabilities			
Derivative financial instruments		1,072	1,072
2021	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Assets			
Financial assets measured at fair			
value through surplus or			
deficit	1,911,267	560,630	2,471,897
Derivative financial instruments		1,930	1,930
	1,911,267	562,560	2,473,827
Liabilities			
Derivative financial instruments		919	919

No financial assets or liabilities were classified under Level 3. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year.

(b) Financial instruments not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

All other financial instruments are stated in the statement of financial position at amounts equal to or not materially different from their fair values.

15. Possible impact of amendments, new standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective for the year ended 31 August 2022

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments, new standards and interpretations which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 August 2022 and which have not been early adopted in these financial statements.

The Fund is in the process of making an assessment of the expected impact of these amendments, new standards and interpretations in the period of initial application. So far, it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the financial statements.